

Copenhagen Atomics A/S

Oliefabriksvej 77, 2770 Kastrup

CVR no. 36 71 92 30

Annual report for 2024

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 20 May 2025

Peter Szabo Chairman

Table of contents

	Page
Statements	
Statement by management on the annual report	1
Independent auditor's report	2
Management's review	
Company details	5
Management's review	6
Financial statements	
Income statement 1 January - 31 December	7
Balance sheet 31 December	8
Statement of changes in equity	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	15

Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory board and executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Copenhagen Atomics A/S for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2024.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31. december 2024 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2024.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Søborg, 20 May 2025

Executive board

Thomas Jam Pedersen CEO

Supervisory board

Andreas Salmony chairman

Janos Flösser

Peter Szabo

Stefan Helmut Friedrich Richter

Wilfried Gustav Hahn



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Copenhagen Atomics A/S Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Copenhagen Atomics A/S for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2024, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31. december 2024 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 20 May 2025

Baker Tilly Denmark Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 35 25 76 91

Morten Friis Munksgaard statsautoriseret revisor MNE no. mne34482



Company details

The company Copenhagen Atomics A/S

Oliefabriksvej 77 2770 Kastrup

CVR no.: 36 71 92 30

Reporting period: 1. januar - 31. december 2024

Incorporated: 7 april 2015

Domicile: Tårnby

Supervisory board Andreas Salmony, chairman

Janos Flösser Peter Szabo

Stefan Helmut Friedrich Richter

Wilfried Gustav Hahn

Executive board Thomas Jam Pedersen, CEO

Auditors Baker Tilly Denmark

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Poul Bundgaards Vej 1, 1.

2500 Valby



Management's review

Business review

The company developes technologies and processes for Thorium energy including related services such as waste burners and molten salt chemistry. The company also promotes the international awareness of Thorium energy and related technologies.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2024 shows a loss of DKK 21.882.564, and the balance sheet at 31. december 2024 shows equity of DKK 187.943.816.

Management has high expectations for Thorium energy, and development is progressing as expected. Efforts are continuously being made to raise capital for further development.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2024	2023
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		-17.393.968	-12.830.052
Staff costs	1 _	-13.122.030	-15.810.462
Profit/loss before amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses		-30.515.998	-28.640.514
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	_	-1.829.364	-840.200
Profit/loss before net financials		-32.345.362	-29.480.714
Financial income	2	3.405.925	2.723.742
Financial costs	3	-33.067	-734.440
Profit/loss before tax		-28.972.504	-27.491.412
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4 _	7.089.940	6.707.727
Profit/loss for the year	=	-21.882.564	-20.783.685
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Transferred to reserve for development expenditure		40.931.514	31.606.789
Retained earnings	_	-62.814.078	-52.390.474
	=	-21.882.564	-20.783.685



Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2024	2023
		DKK	DKK
Assets			
Acquired patents		2.419.433	0
Development projects in progress	_	145.957.711	93.481.412
Intangible assets	5 _	148.377.144	93.481.412
Plant and machinery	6	122.894	250.968
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	6	669.163	1.002.036
Leasehold improvements	6	4.620.266	5.614.533
Tangible assets	-	5.412.323	6.867.537
Investments in subsidiaries	7	0	8.943
Receivables from subsidiaries	8	908.603	1.355.655
Deposits	8	2.751.050	2.751.050
Fixed asset investments	_	3.659.653	4.115.648
Total non-current assets	_	157.449.120	104.464.597
Other receivables		3.945.458	4.435.429
Corporation tax		5.500.000	5.500.000
Prepayments	_	2.367.897	1.720.143
Receivables	_	11.813.355	11.655.572
Cash at bank and in hand	_	71.080.545	78.357.923
Total current assets	_	82.893.900	90.013.495
Total assets	=	240.343.020	194.478.092



Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2024	2023
		DKK	DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		1.406.457	1.394.660
Reserve for development expenditure		113.847.015	72.915.501
Retained earnings	_	72.690.344	103.908.316
Equity	_	187.943.816	178.218.477
Provision for deferred tax		0	1.589.940
Total provisions	_	0	1.589.940
Prepayments received from customers		1.168.070	3.343.108
Trade payables		1.475.820	1.610.697
Other payables		39.478.272	1.940.558
Deferred income	_	10.277.042	7.775.312
Total current liabilities	_	52.399.204	14.669.675
Total liabilities	_	52.399.204	14.669.675
Total equity and liabilities	_	240.343.020	194.478.092
Contingent liabilities	9		



Statement of changes in equity

		Share premium	Reserve for development	Retained	
	Share capital	account	expenditure	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	1.394.660	0	72.915.501	103.908.316	178.218.477
Cash capital increase	11.797	31.596.106	0	0	31.607.903
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	40.931.514	-62.814.078	-21.882.564
Transfer from share premium account	0	-31.596.106	0	31.596.106	0
Equity at 31 December	1.406.457	0	113.847.015	72.690.344	187.943.816



		2024	2023
		DKK	DKK
1	Staff costs		
	Wages and salaries	42.957.104	38.510.691
	Pensions	364.925	1.056.446
	Other social security costs	147.227	446.139
	Other staff costs	1.243.409	537.842
		44.712.665	40.551.118
	Transfer to production wages	-31.590.635	-24.740.656
		13.122.030	15.810.462
	Number of fulltime employees on average	58	49
2	Financial income		
	Other financial income	3.405.925	2.723.742
		3.405.925	2.723.742
3	Financial costs		
	Other financial costs	33.067	734.440
		33.067	734.440



		2024	2023
		DKK	DKK
4	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	-5.500.000	-5.500.000
	Deferred tax for the year	-1.589.940	-1.207.727
		<u>-7.089.940</u>	-6.707.727

5 Intangible assets

		Development
	Acquired	projects in
	patents	progress
	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January	0	93.481.412
Additions for the year	2.419.433	52.476.299
Cost at 31 December	2.419.433	145.957.711
Carrying amount at 31 December	2.419.433	145.957.711

Development projects primarily include the development of small standardized nuclear reactors based on thorium salt melting technology. The development project is divided into 3 phases.



6 Tangible assets

		Other fixtures and fittings,		
	Plant and	tools and	Leasehold	
	machinery	equipment	improvements	Total
_	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January	640.369	1.490.006	6.119.682	8.250.057
Additions for the year	0	36.774	337.376	374.150
Cost at 31 December	640.369	1.526.780	6.457.058	8.624.207
Impairment losses and depreciation				
at 1 January	389.401	487.970	505.149	1.382.520
Impairment losses for the year	0	0	0	0
Depreciation for the year	128.074	369.647	1.331.643	1.829.364
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	517.475	857.617	1.836.792	3.211.884
Carrying amount at 31 December	122.894	669.163	4.620.266	5.412.323

	Carrying amount at 31 December	0	8.943
	Cost at 31 December	0	8.943
	Cost at 1 January	0	8.943
7	Investments in subsidiaries		
		DKK	DKK
		2024	2023

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name	Registered office	Ownership interest
<u>Ivallie</u>	registered office	
UK Atomics Limited	Gloucester, United Kingdom	100%



8 Fixed asset investments

	Receivables from	
	subsidiaries	Deposits
	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January	908.603	2.751.050
Cost at 31 December	908.603	2.751.050
Carrying amount at 31 December	908.603	2.751.050

9 Contingent liabilities

The company has entered into a tenancy agreement which is subject to a termination period. The rental obligation accounts for DKK 2.751 thousand at 31. December 2024.



The annual report of Copenhagen Atomics A/S for 2024 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.



Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables include the raw materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

Other operating income

The item Other operating income includes items of a secondary nature relative to the company's activities, including gains on the sale of intangible assets and items of property, plant and equipment, operating losses, indemnities relating to operating losses and conflicts as well as payroll refunds. Indemnities are recognised when it is more probable than not that the company is going to be indemnified.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise the year's depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries participate in the joint taxation arrangement from the time when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and until the time when they withdraw from the consolidation.



Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Development projects

Development costs comprise costs, wages/salaries and amortisation losses that are directly and indirectly attributable to the company's development activities.

Developments projects recognised in the balance sheet are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Following the completion of the development work, development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The amortisation period is usually ten years.

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery, fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Plant and machinery 3-5 years
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-5 years
Leasehold improvements 5 years

Investments in subsidiaries

Investment in subsidiaries are measured at cost. If cost exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.



An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits at banks.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised under 'Current liabilities' comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial years.

